



# 1. What are we now?



Europeana is the most visible representation of Europe

Commissioner Neelie Kroes

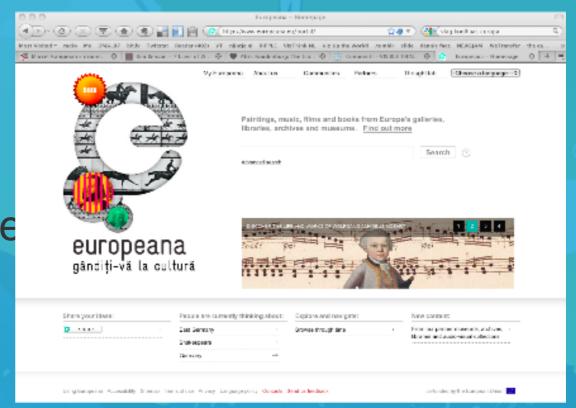
### 2008

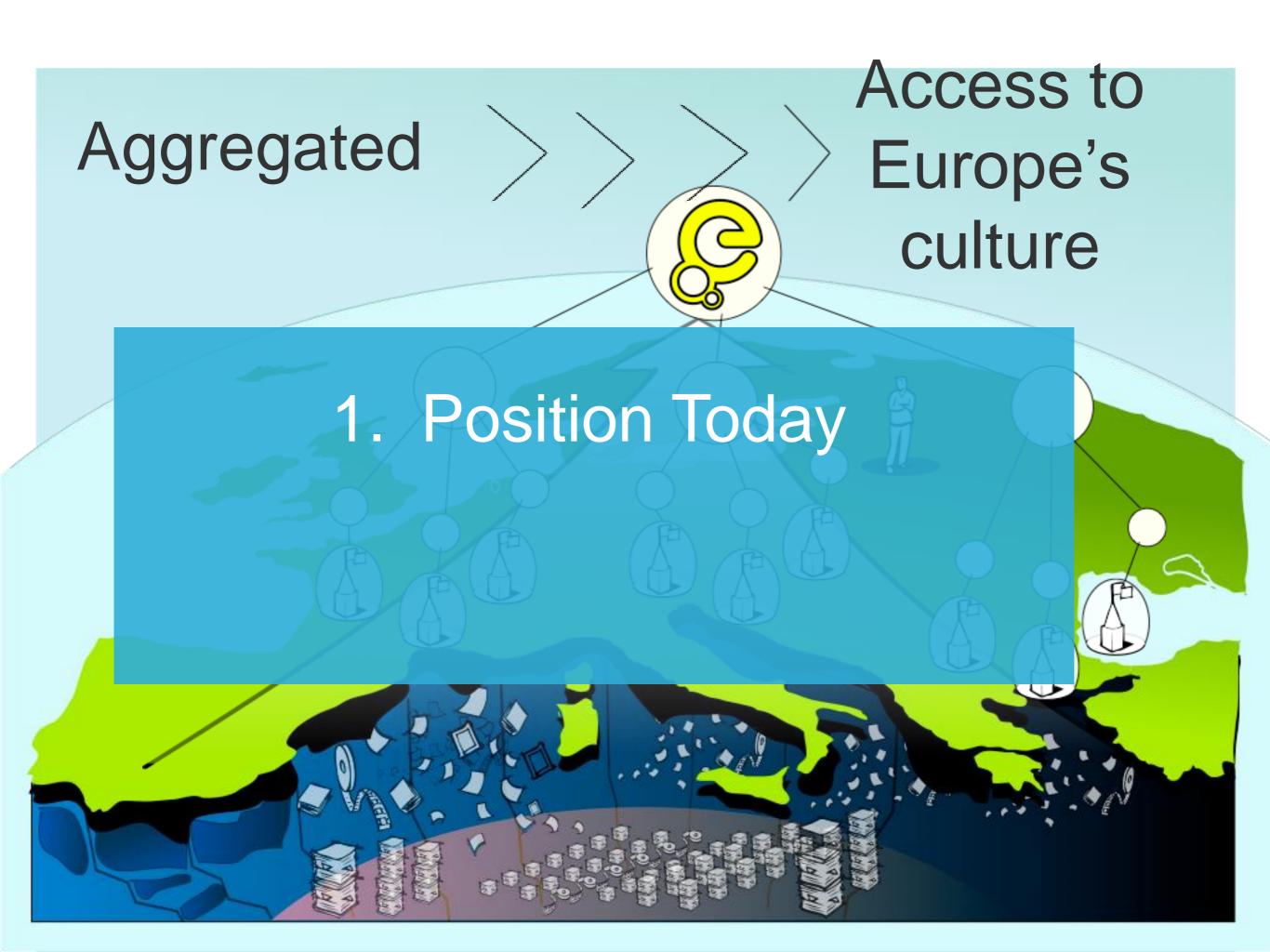
prototype

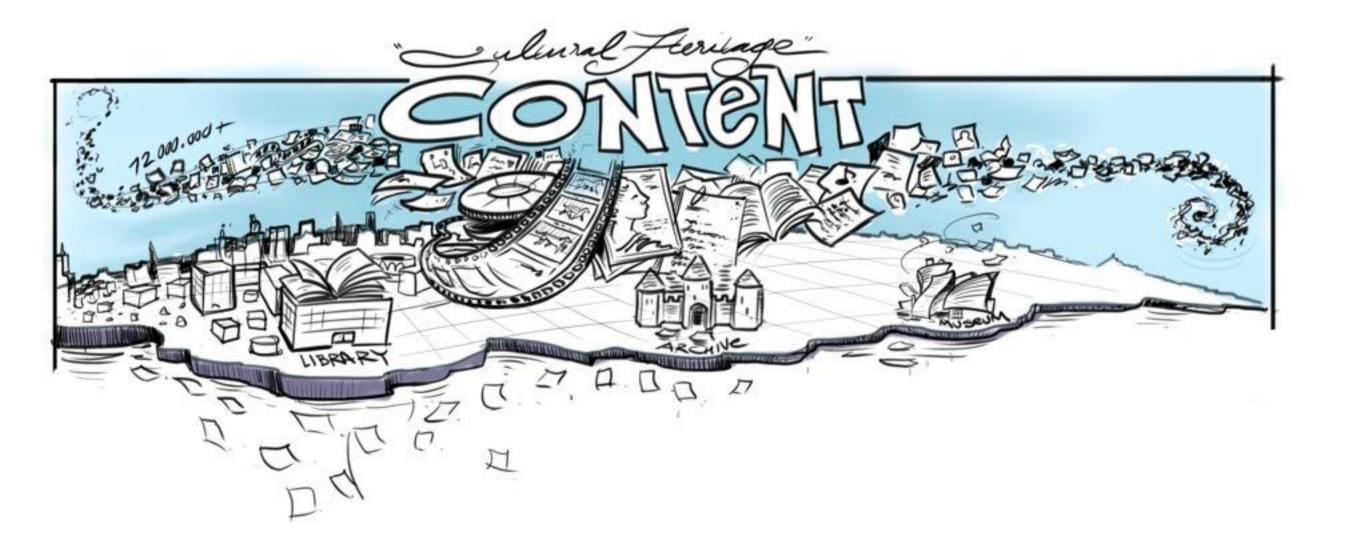


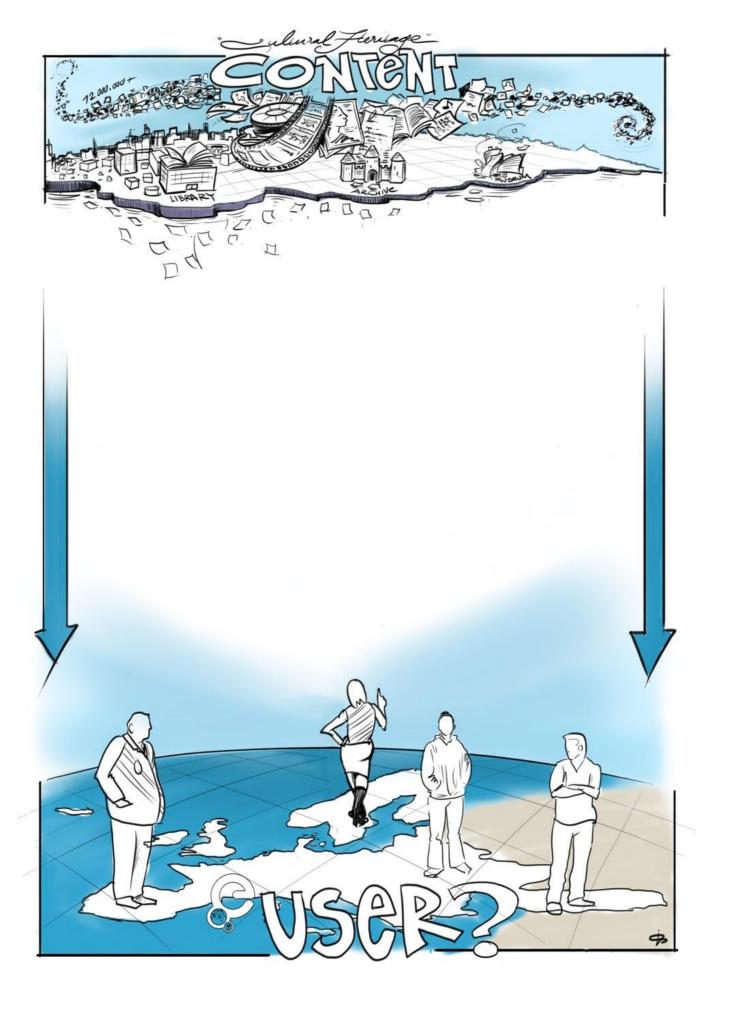
operational service

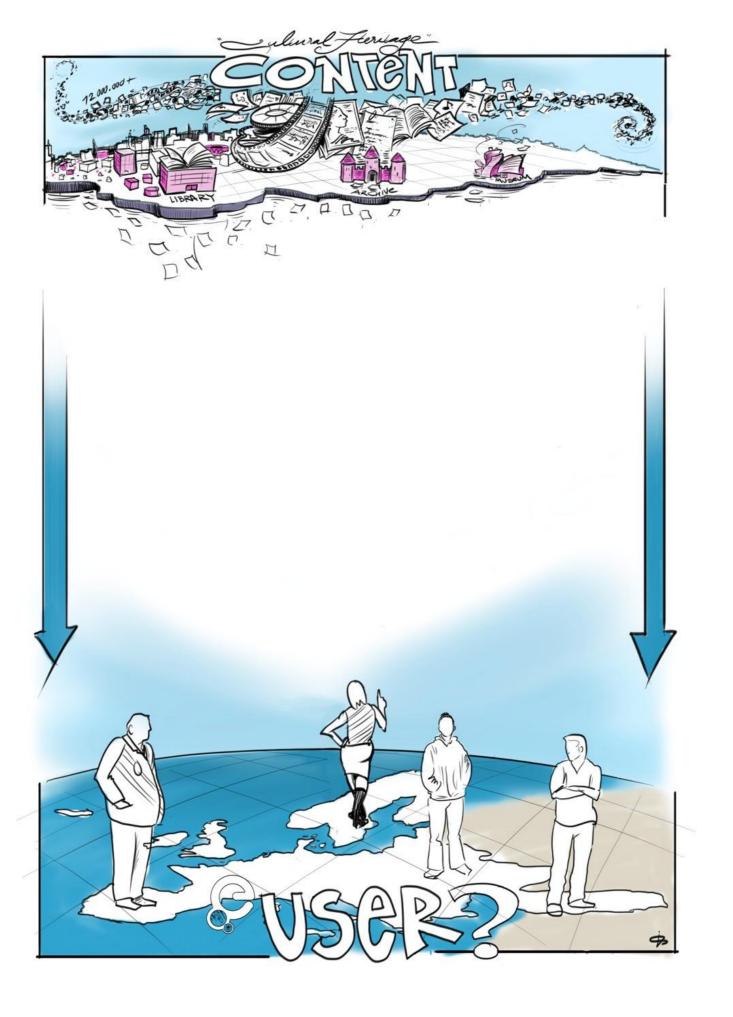
- 13 million objects
- 28 data aggregators
- 1500 participating institutions
- 200 partners
- √ 35 FTE's
- 21 projects
- √ 1 million visits in 2010
- √ 30,000 My Europeana signee
- ✓ Stable portal
- ✓ Open Source Code
- EuropeanaLabs
- ✓ Public Domain Charter

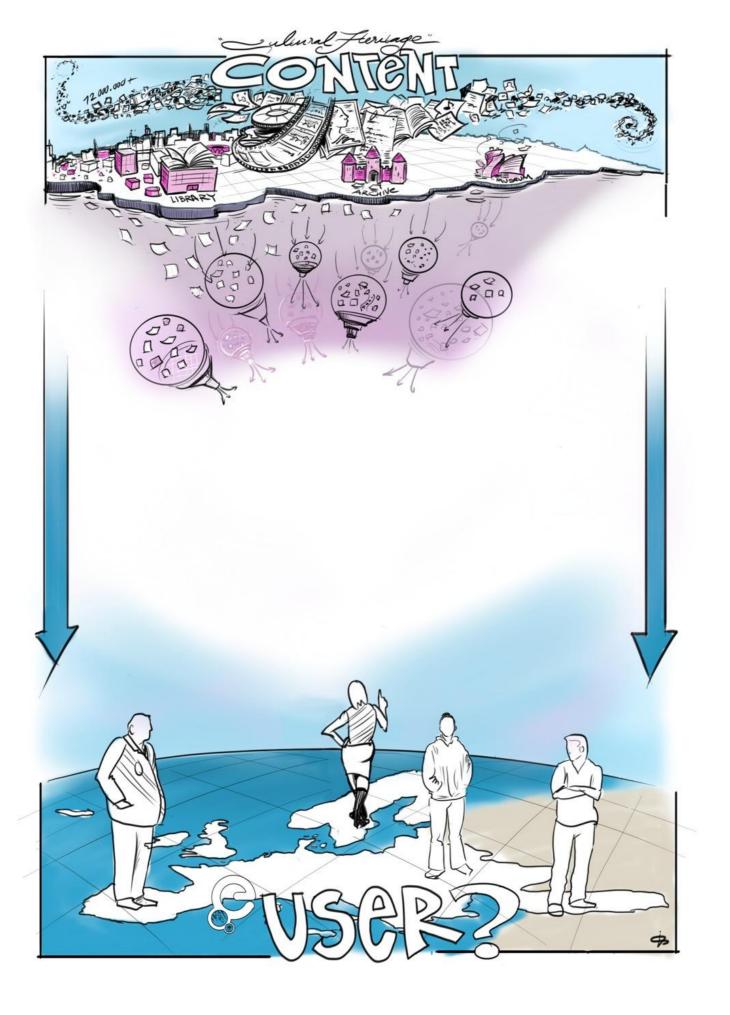


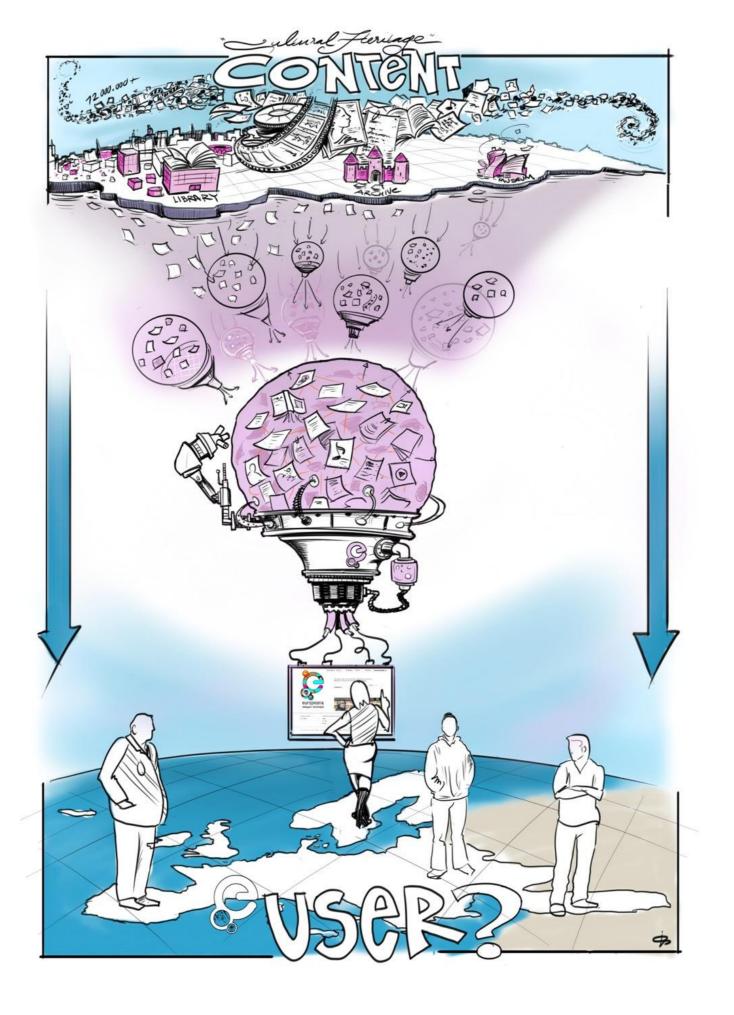


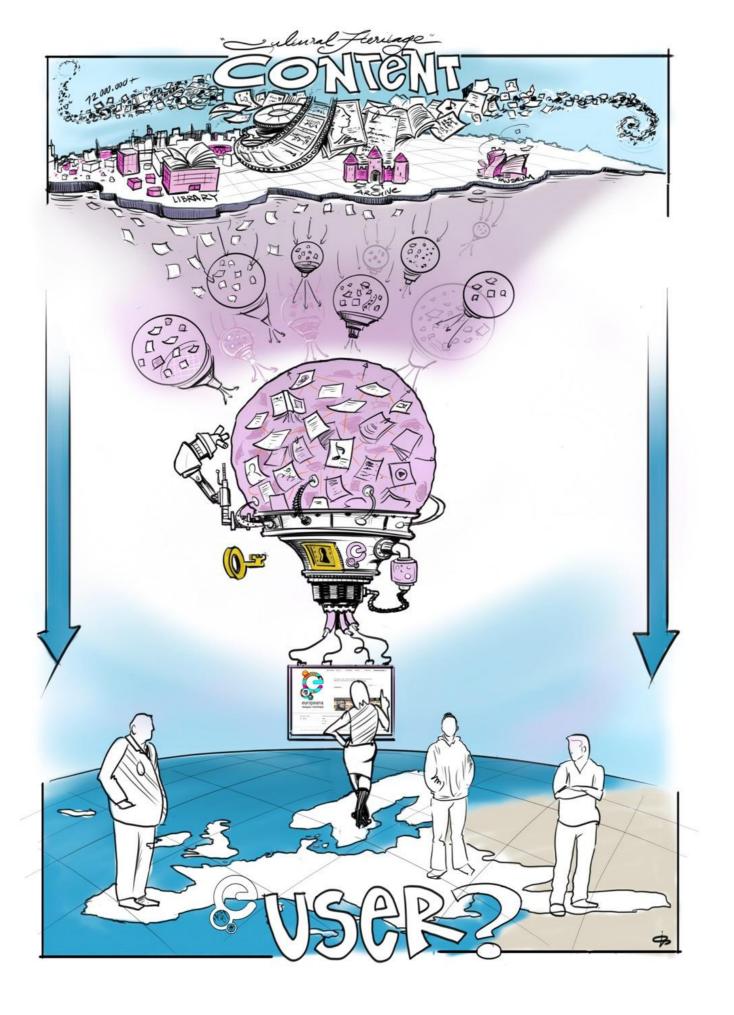


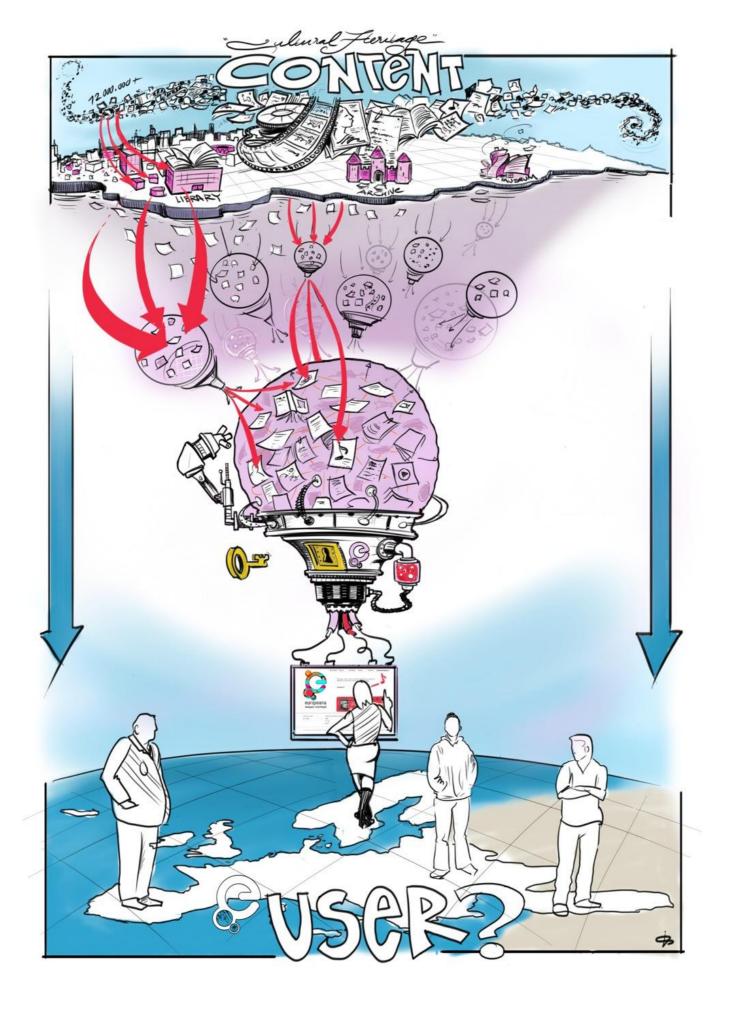


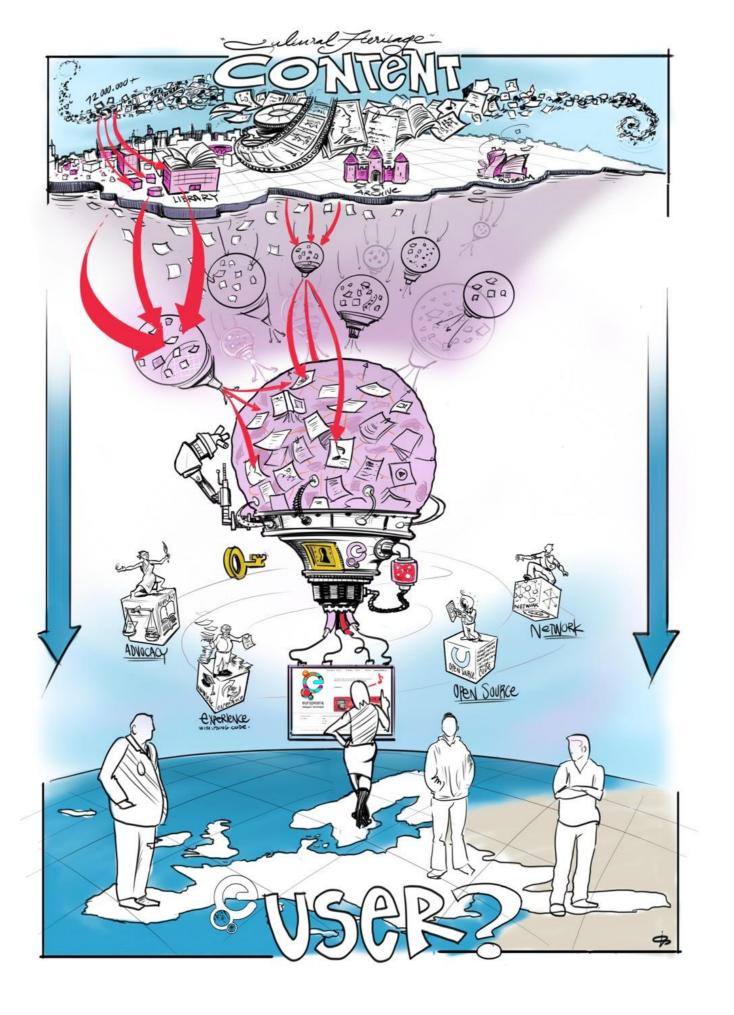


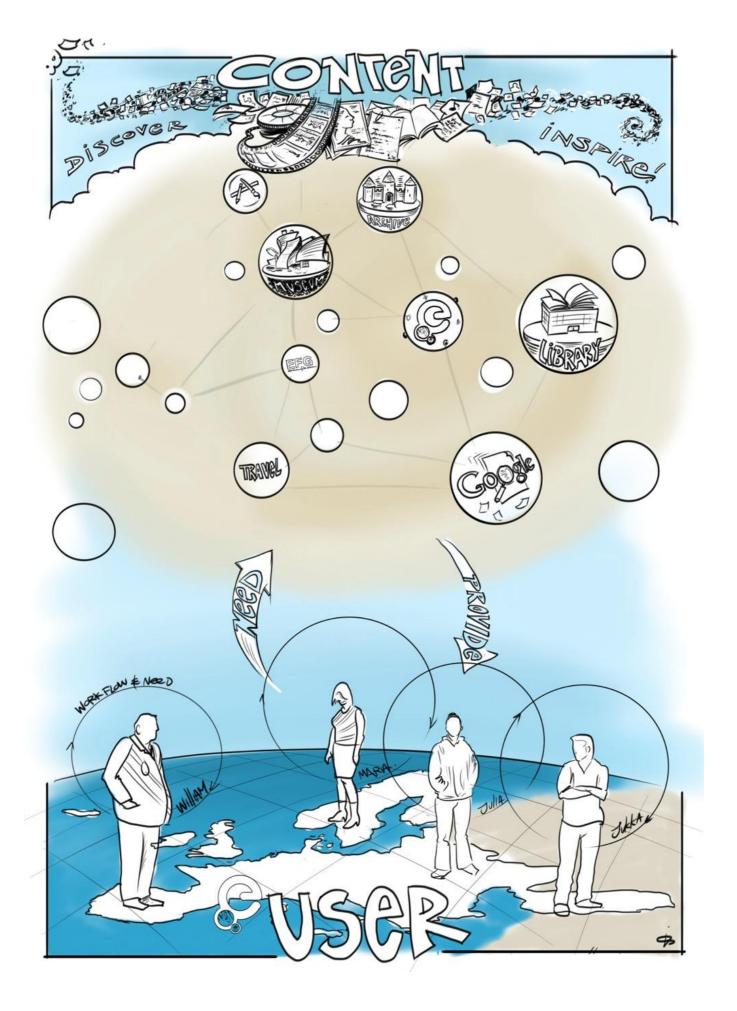








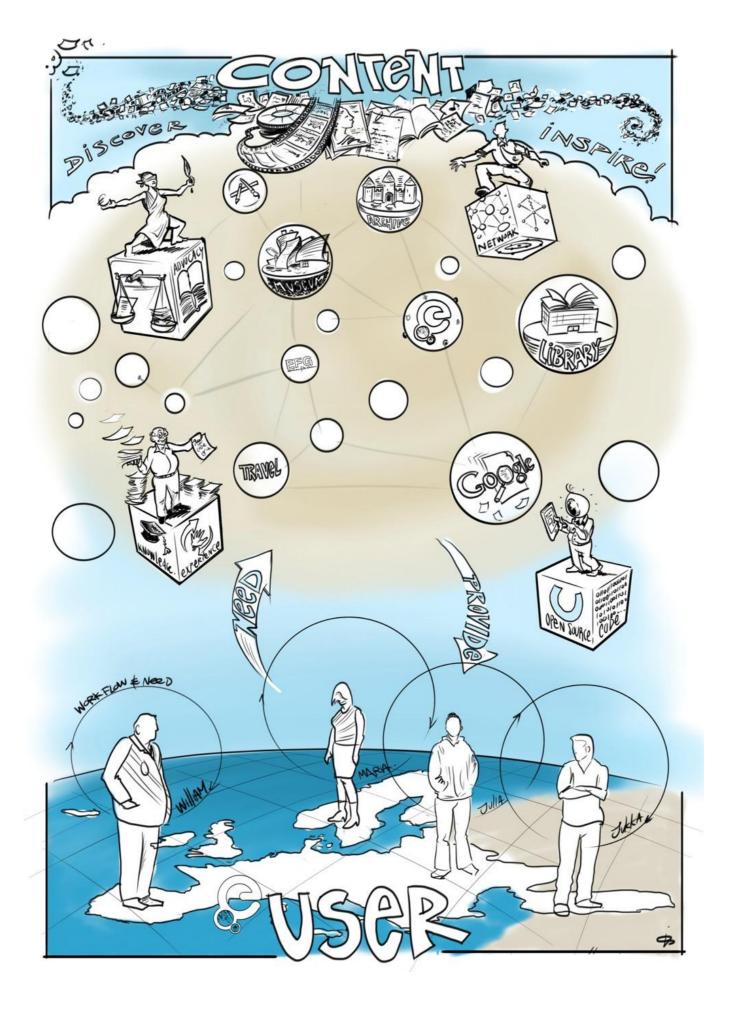




# The European Cultural & Scientific Heritage Information Space

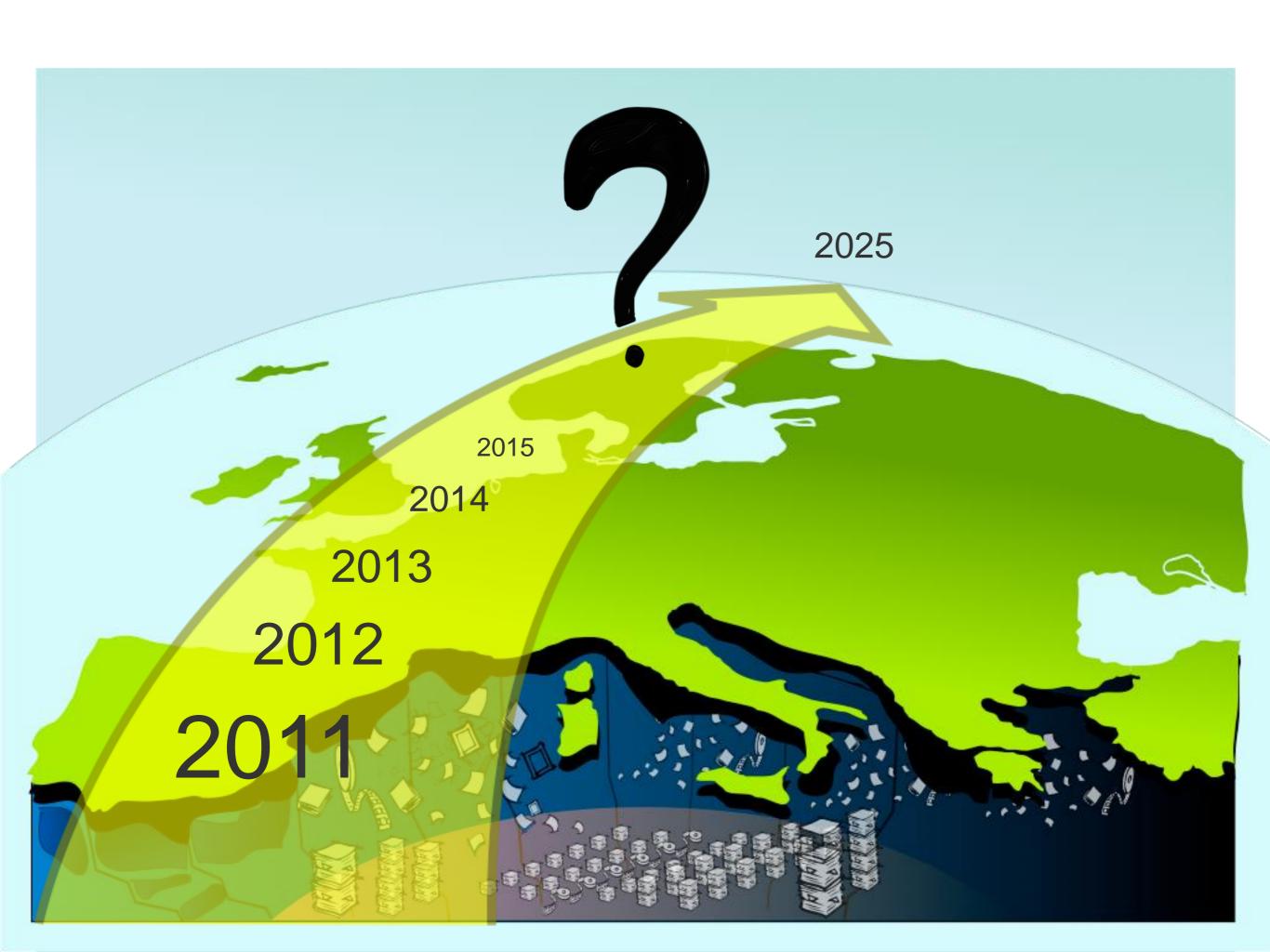


The positioning we need to achieve





# 2. What should we be?

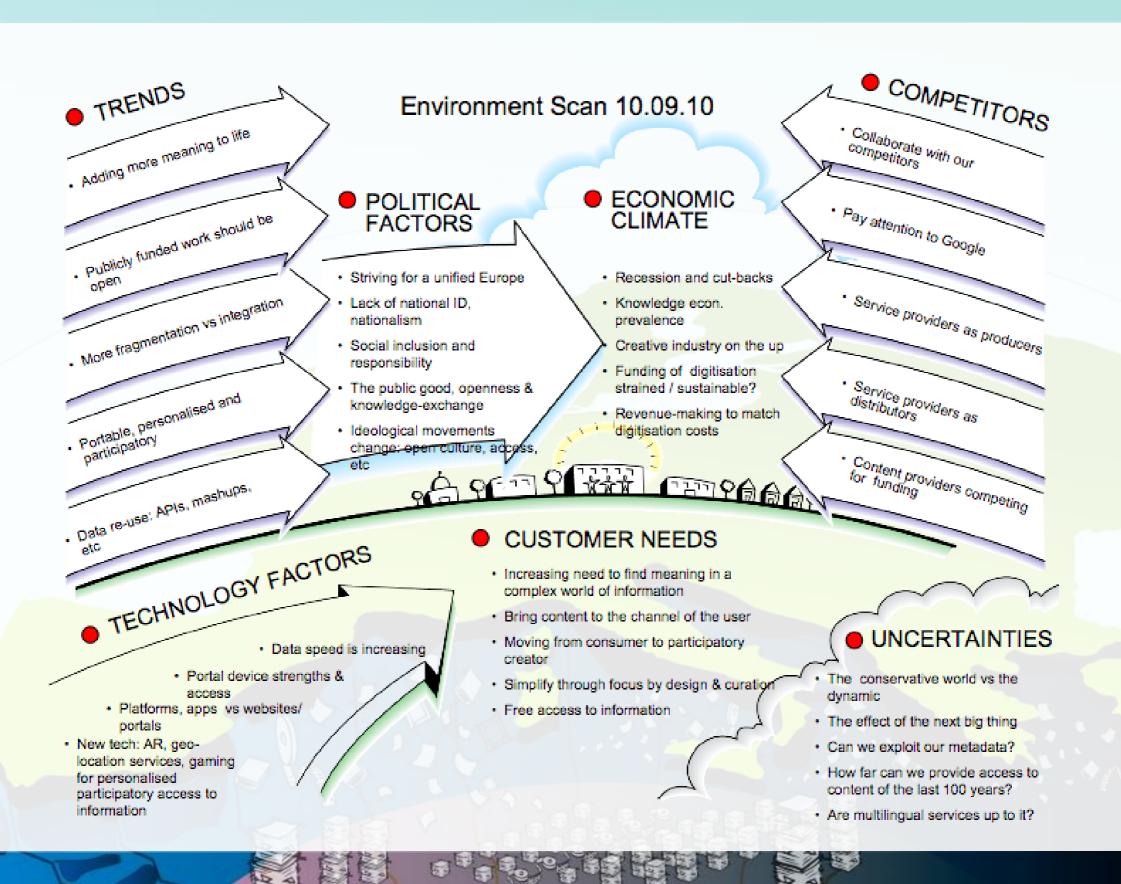




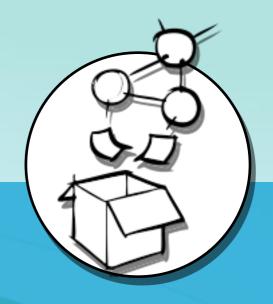








#### TRENDS



•Increased understanding that access to culture is the foundation for a creative economy. Thus, Culture leads to creativity which leads to social innovation and to cultural and economic growth.

#### POLITICAL FACTORS



- 1. A strong, unified Europe will be built on smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.
- 2. With geo-political fragmentation and increasing Nationalism in Europe it becomes increasingly important to create more understanding on a European level through culture.

#### CUSTOMER NEEDS



End users are evolving from passive consumers into active participants.

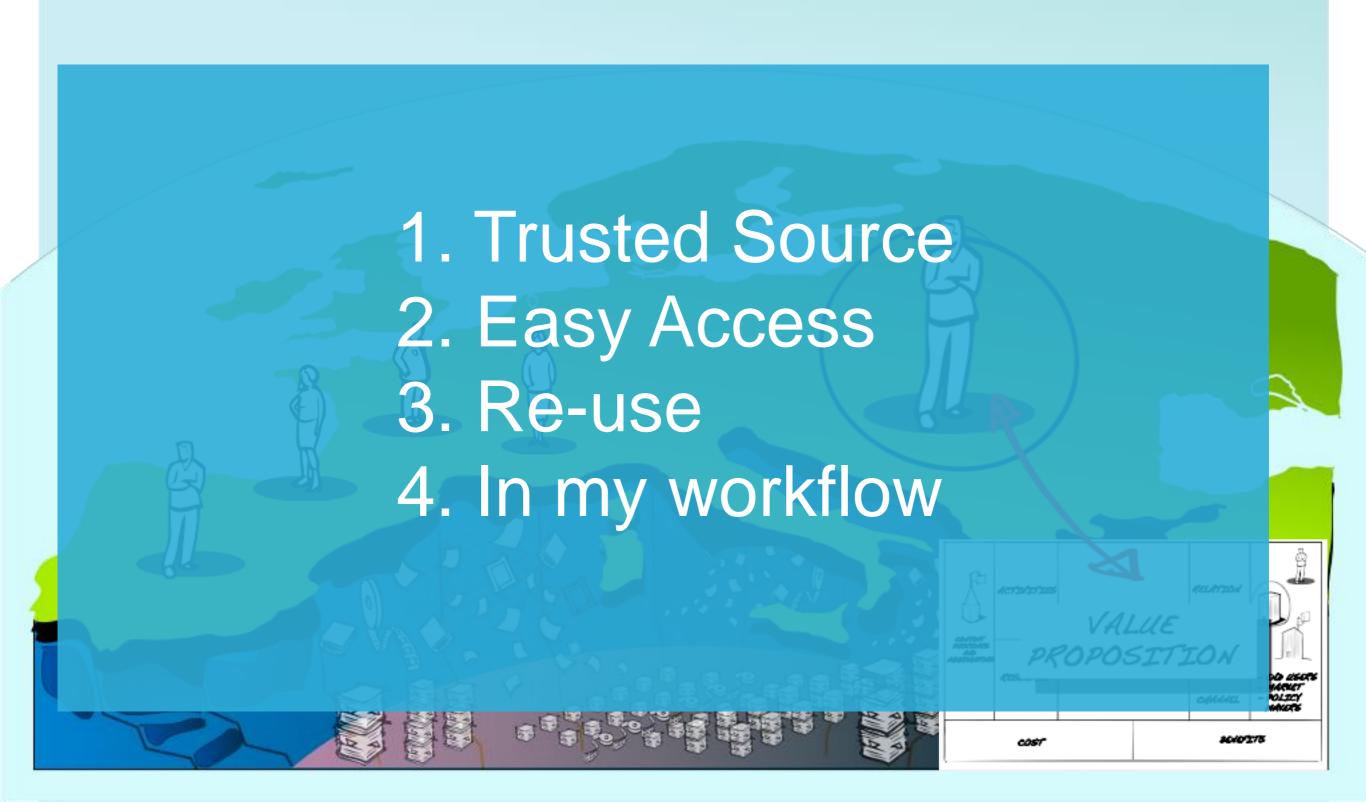
They expect content to be free and easily accessible through the channels they are used to work with.

#### UNCERTAINTIES



- 1. IPR issues, lack of funding and good business models limit our content providers ability to make content accessible.
- 2. Digitization requires our institutions to make significant shifts in their organizational cultures.

#### USERS



#### PROVIDERS



#### MARKET



#### POLICY MAKERS





# 2. What shall we do?

## Follow Four paths

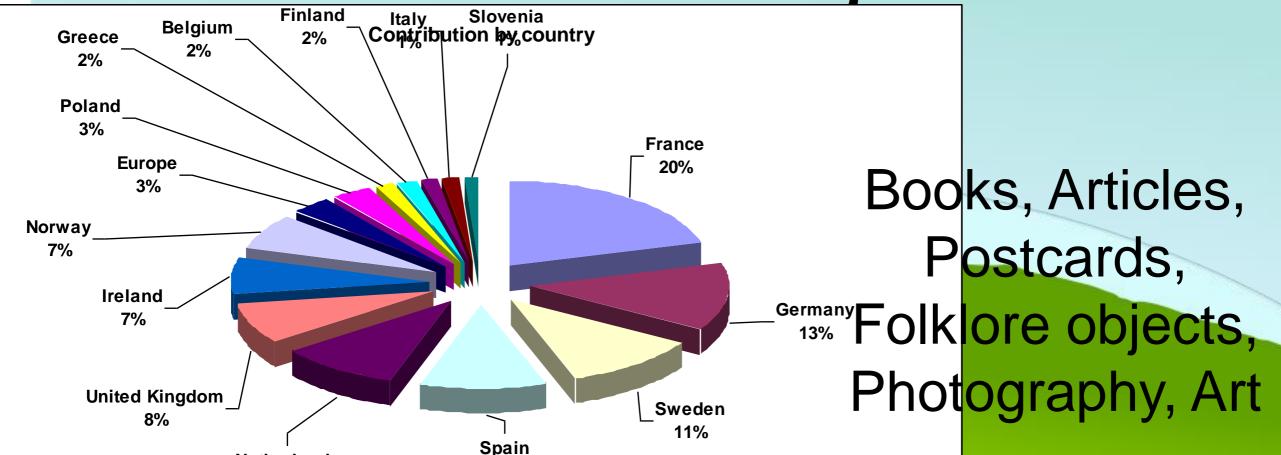
- **1**AGGREGATE
- 2 DISTRIBUTE
- **3** FACILITATE
- **4**ENGAGE

#### 1.AGGREGATE

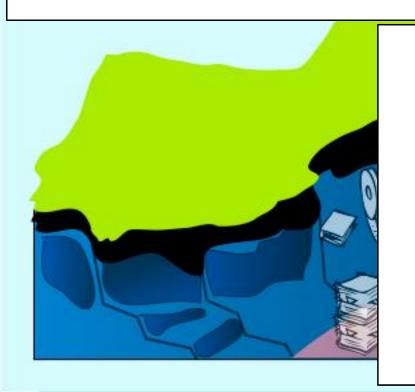


Build the open trusted source for European digital cultural material

#### 13 million objects



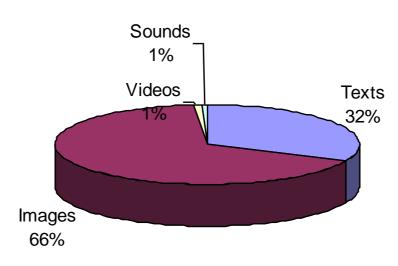
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**Netherlands** 

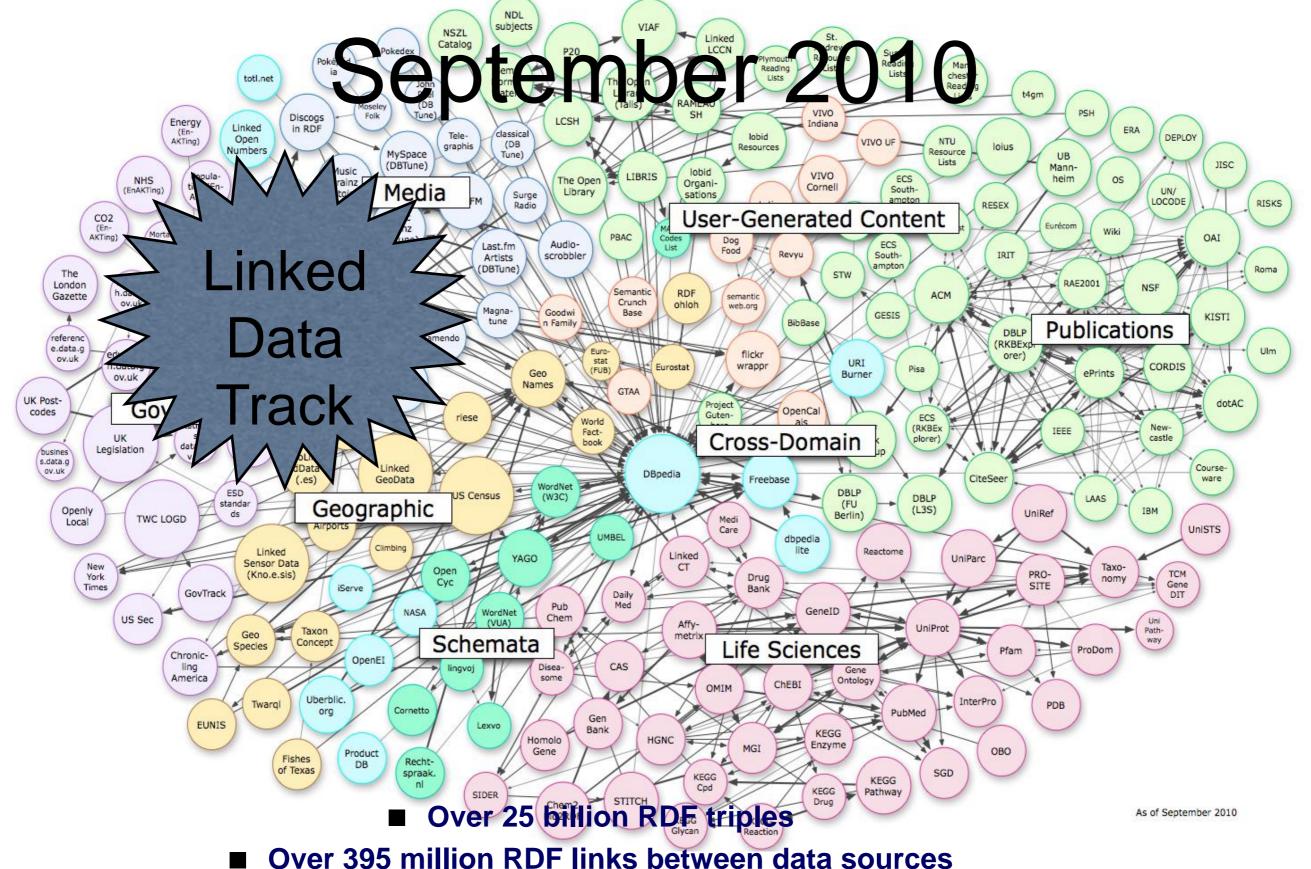
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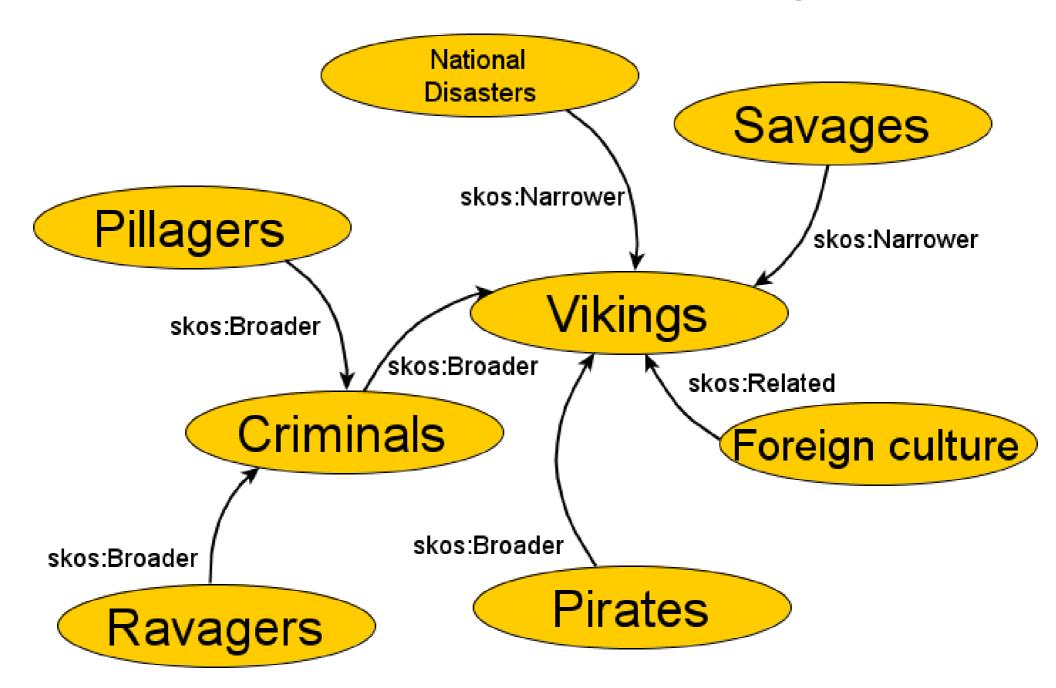


Century
Dominance

#### LOD Datasets on the Web:

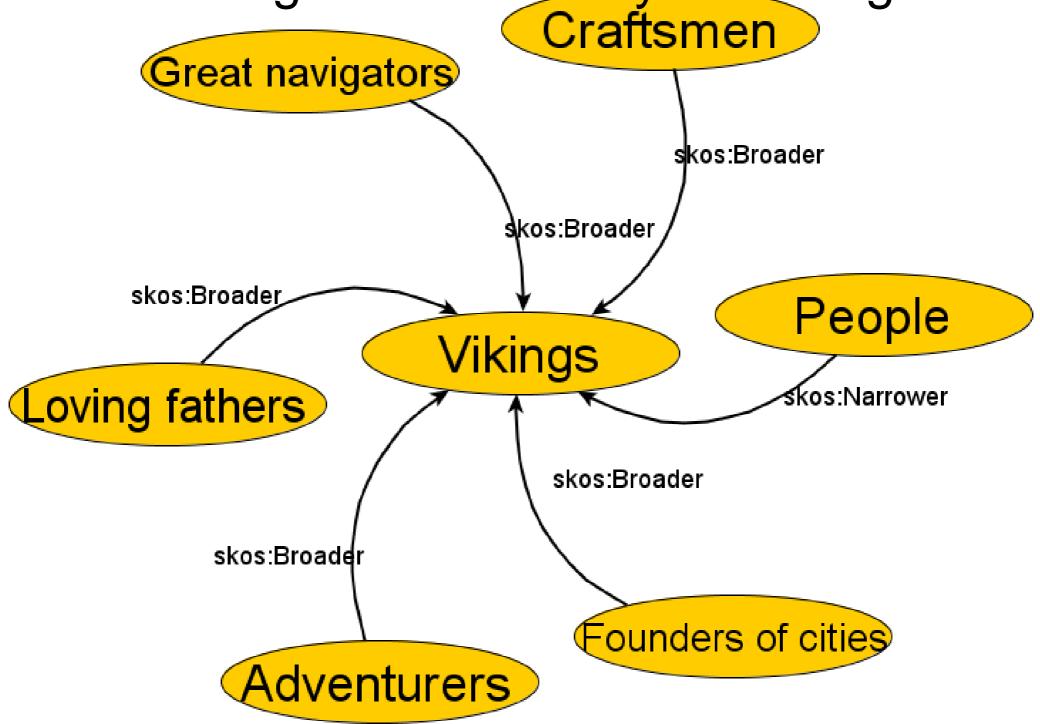


## Tagging content with controlled vocabularies: Irish vocabulary on Vikings

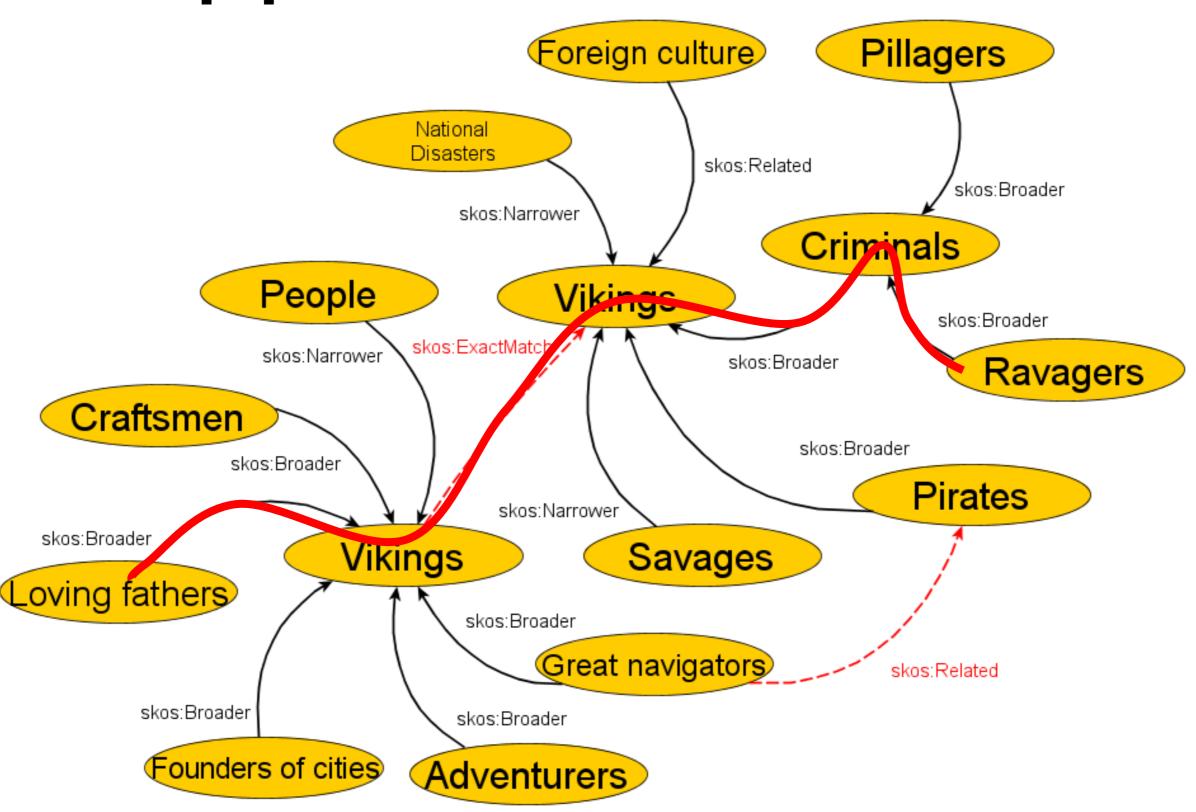


Tagging content with controlled vocabularies:

Norwegian vocabulary on Vikings



## Mapped vocabularies –



### 2.DISTRIBUTE



Make this material accessible to the user wherever they are, whenever they wants

## Into the schools systems



### In to a site for the blind

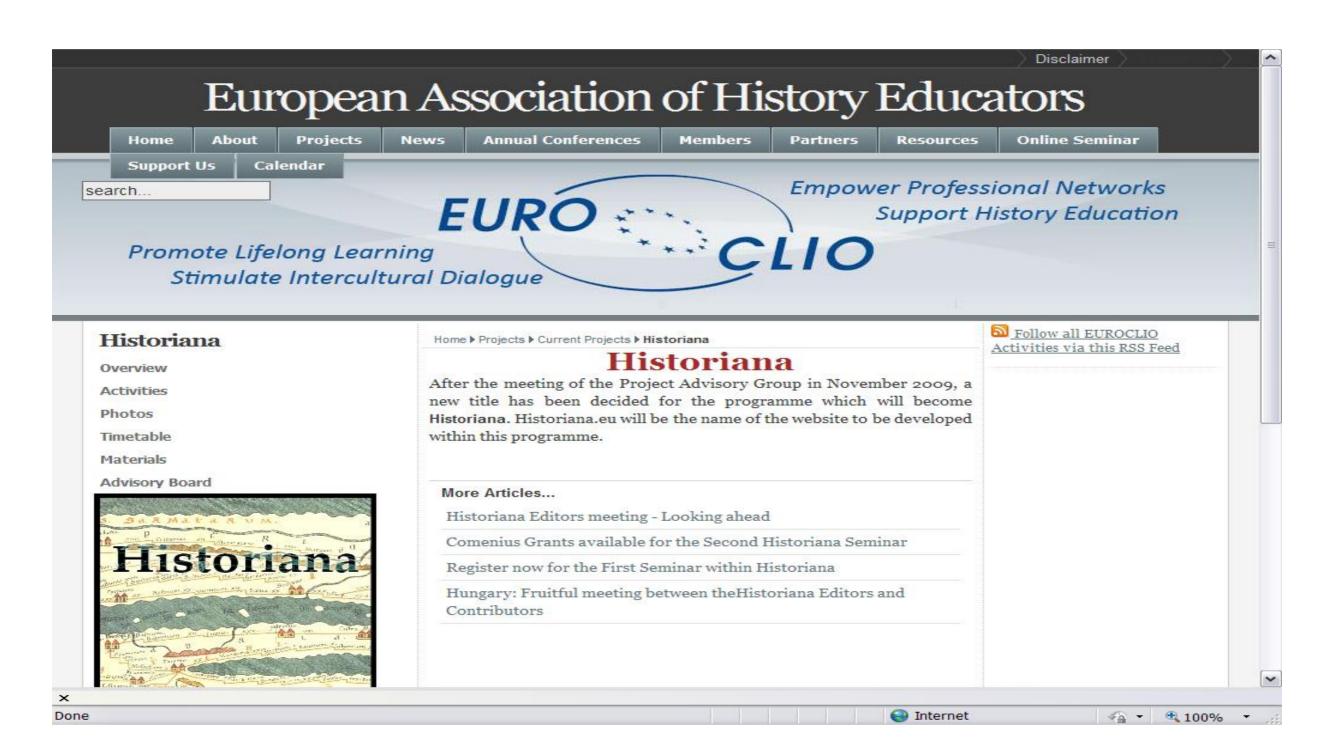


#### Access to information

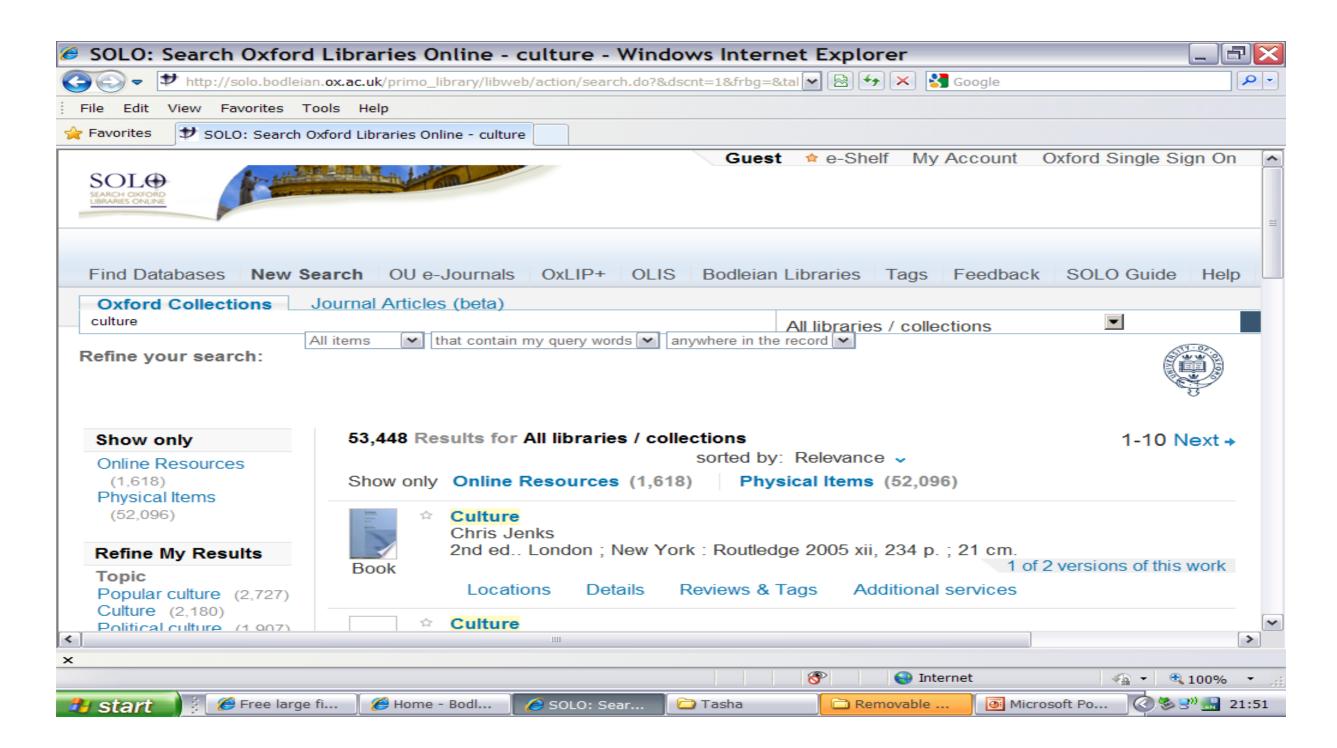
- Access to television
- eAccessibility (under revision)
- Pharmaceutical labelling
- The Euro
- Copyright and Publishing
- Postal Services
- Braille as the key to inclusion: Onkyo International Braille Essay Contest



## Into a site for History Teachers



## To be part of the library portal



## 3.FACILITATE

Knowledge sharing

IPR Business Models)

Develop Open Source Code

Facilitate innovation in the Cultural Heritage sector

## EuropeanaLabs



Project v1.0 Artifactory Hudson Start Page Index Last Change

#### Welcome to EuropeanaLabs

This portal, EuropeanaLabs, supports development of → repository storing all the external software libraries upon

#### Contents

#### Europeana:

- · Specifications on what should be done
- · Design documents on how it should done
- Development notes on how it is actually done
- Papers white papers and other publications
- Project contributing projects
- Prototype demonstrating a functionality

#### Workflow:

- · Team and its ongoing activities
- · Tickets and how to work with them
- Wiki formatting
- Admin EuropeanaLabs administration pages

#### Full Table of Contents

• WikiTOC - EuropeanaLabs Table of Contents

#### Shortcuts selection:

- → Overview Europeana collections
- RHINE Requirements Status and progress
  - Overview (list requirements)
  - Detailed view (list requirements + status & p
  - · Rhine Status Reports 2010
- DANUBE Requirements
  - · Overview (list requirements)
  - Overview COMPLETE WITH DEVELOPMENT ASSIGNMENT JULY 2010 (list requirements & developers)
  - Natailad view (liet requirements Latatus 9 progress)



# Policy — Public Domain

Public Domain Charter

Public Domain Mark

Public Domain Usage Guide



Europeana, Europe's digital library, museum and archive, belongs to the public and must represent the public interest.

The Public Domain is the material from which society derives knowledge and fashions new cultural works

Having a healthy and thriving Public Domain is essential to the social and economic well-being of society.

Digitisation of Public Domain content does not create new rights over it: works that are in the Public Domain in analogue form continue to be in the Public Domain once they have been digitised.

#### Principles for a healthy Public Domain

Museums, libraries and archives of all kinds are holders of our cultural and scientific heritage. These memory organisations are the guardians of society's shared knowledge. They play an essential part in maintaining the Public Domain on behalf of citizens and must uphold a number of general principles. These principles are essential to preserve a meaningful understanding of the Public Domain and to ensure that it continues to function in the technological environment of the networked information society. These principles are not intended to prevent organisations from commercial exploitation of Public Domain works in their collections. Instead they provide a set of minimum standards that ensures that the Public Domain functions in the digital environment.

1. Copyright protection is temporary. Copyright gives creators a time-limited monopoly regarding the control of their works. Once this period

# Data Provider Agreements

Majority signed current agreements

Your metadata on the web workshops

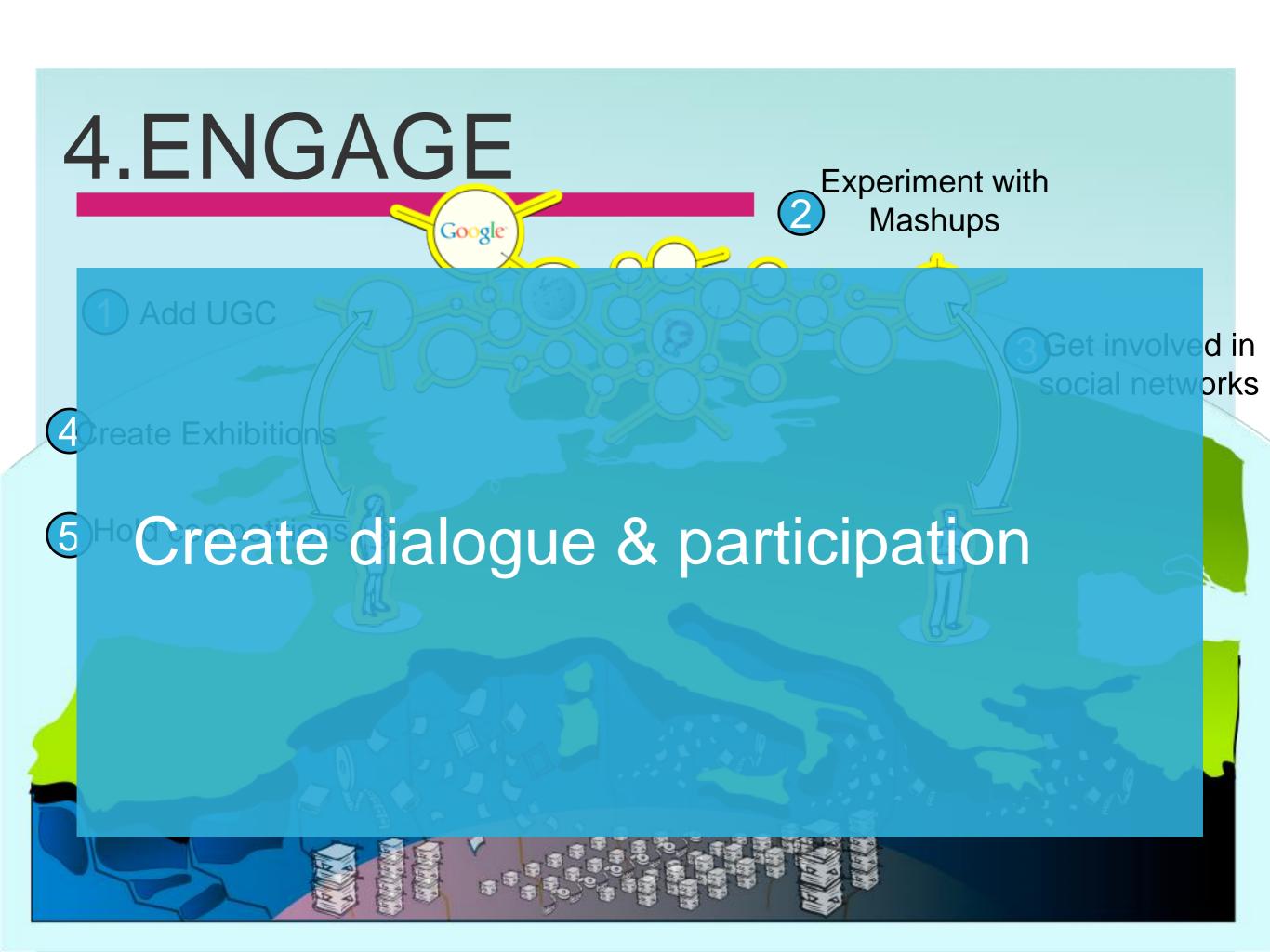




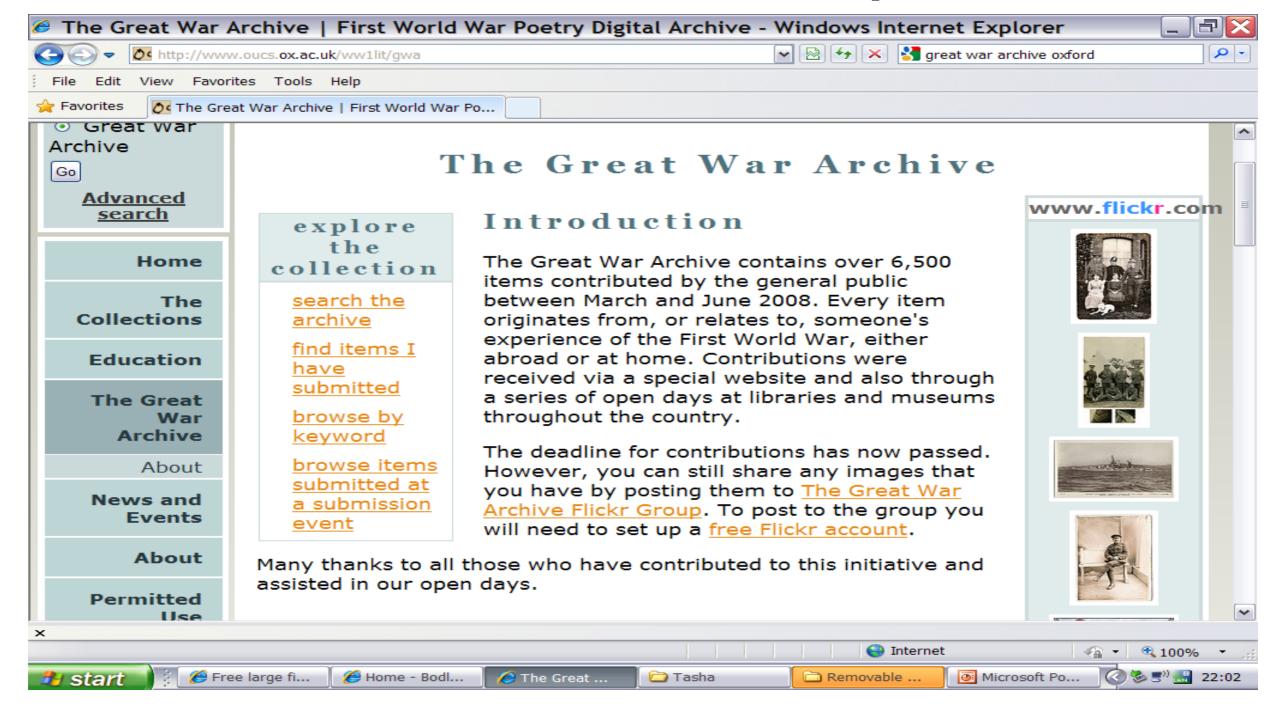
## Collective Licensing Research

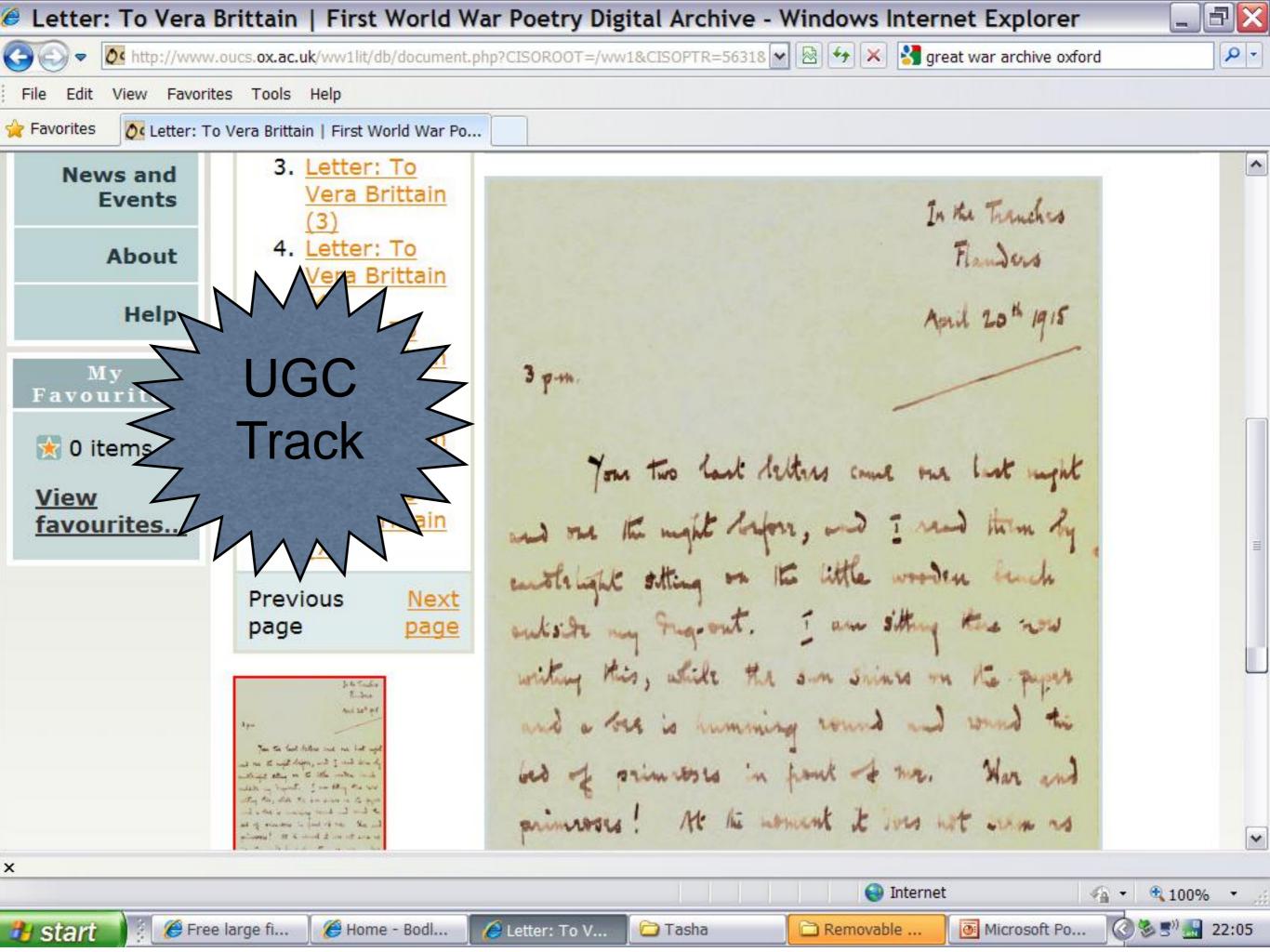
- Europeana Licensing Framework
- Leader: <u>National Library of Luxembourg</u>,
- interoperable licenses that cover rights information for objects in Europeana.
- Public Domain Charter
- Registries of rights information ARROW
- Collective Licensing Research



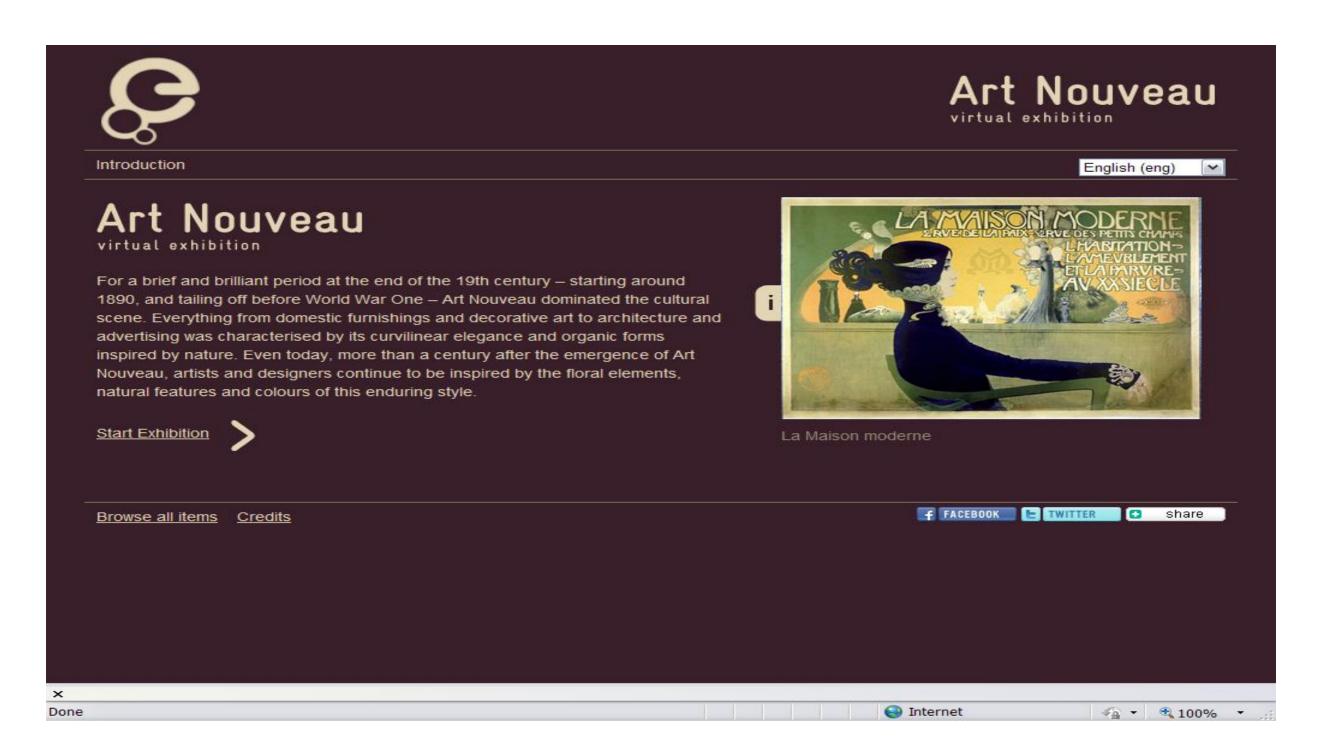


## Great War Archive into mainland Europe





## Show the European Connection





Art Nouveau virtual exhibition

Introduction > Browse all items

#### Browse Items (80 total)

Next Last



Title: Wohnhaus Linke Wienzeile

40

Description: Wagner, Otto, Außenansicht, Fassade, Ausschnitt Wien, Wohnhaus

Linke Wienzeile 40

Provider: Deutsche Fotothek;

Germany



Title: Immeuble

Description: France; lle-de-

France; Paris; Paris 07

Porte de l'immeuble

Provider: Culture.fr/collections;

France



Title: Fatalisme

Provider: The European Library;

Netherlands



Title: Scaun

Description: C16. Douăsprezece

piese identice.

Neobizantin Scaun spătar panou, colturi rotunjite, decorat cu pomul

vieții și două păsări ce se

înscriu...

Provider: clMeC - Institutul de

Memorie Culturală ; Romania



Title: Stol



Title: "Salle de jeu et de



Title: Support de jardinière



Title: Fauteuil à dossier





Introduction > Themes > Artisanat d'art > Introduction

#### Artisanat d'art - Introduction

La technique fut mise au service des arts décoratifs de l'Art Nouveau. Par exemple, les maîtres verriers renvoyaient très souvent leur travail au four, et créaient ainsi une superposition de textures et d'éléments décoratifs. Des techniques anciennes furent réutilisées alors que de nouvelles étaient inventées, permettant ainsi de créer des couleurs chatoyantes aux reflets irisés, comme on l'observe dans la technique du verre favrile de Louis Comfort Tiffany. Dans les domaines de la poterie et de la céramique, des expériences furent tentées dans l'utilisation des formes et des vernis. Les bijoutiers créaient des pièces à la mode pour leurs clients prestigieux. Les ras-de-cou, les pendentifs, les bracelets et les boucles d'oreilles étaient fabriqués en matériaux semi-précieux, en ivoire sculpté, en écaille et en émail. On pouvait observer ce nouveau style partout en Europe: aux Pays-Bas (Brantjes et Rozenburg), en Allemagne (Meisenthal et Koepping), en Hongrie (Zsolnay), en Bohême (Harrach, Loetz) et en Scandinavie.



Drageoir



Browse all items Credits

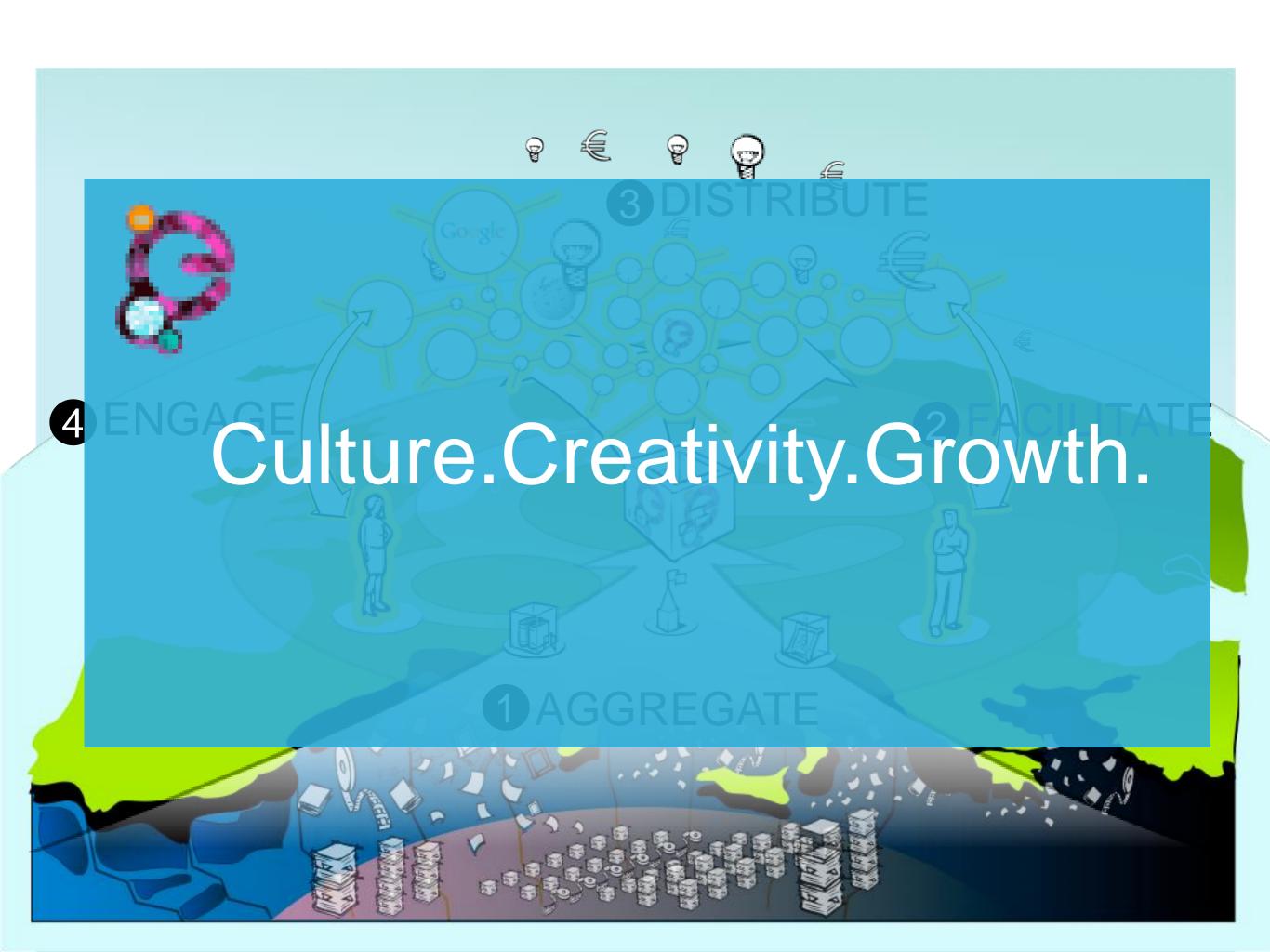








share

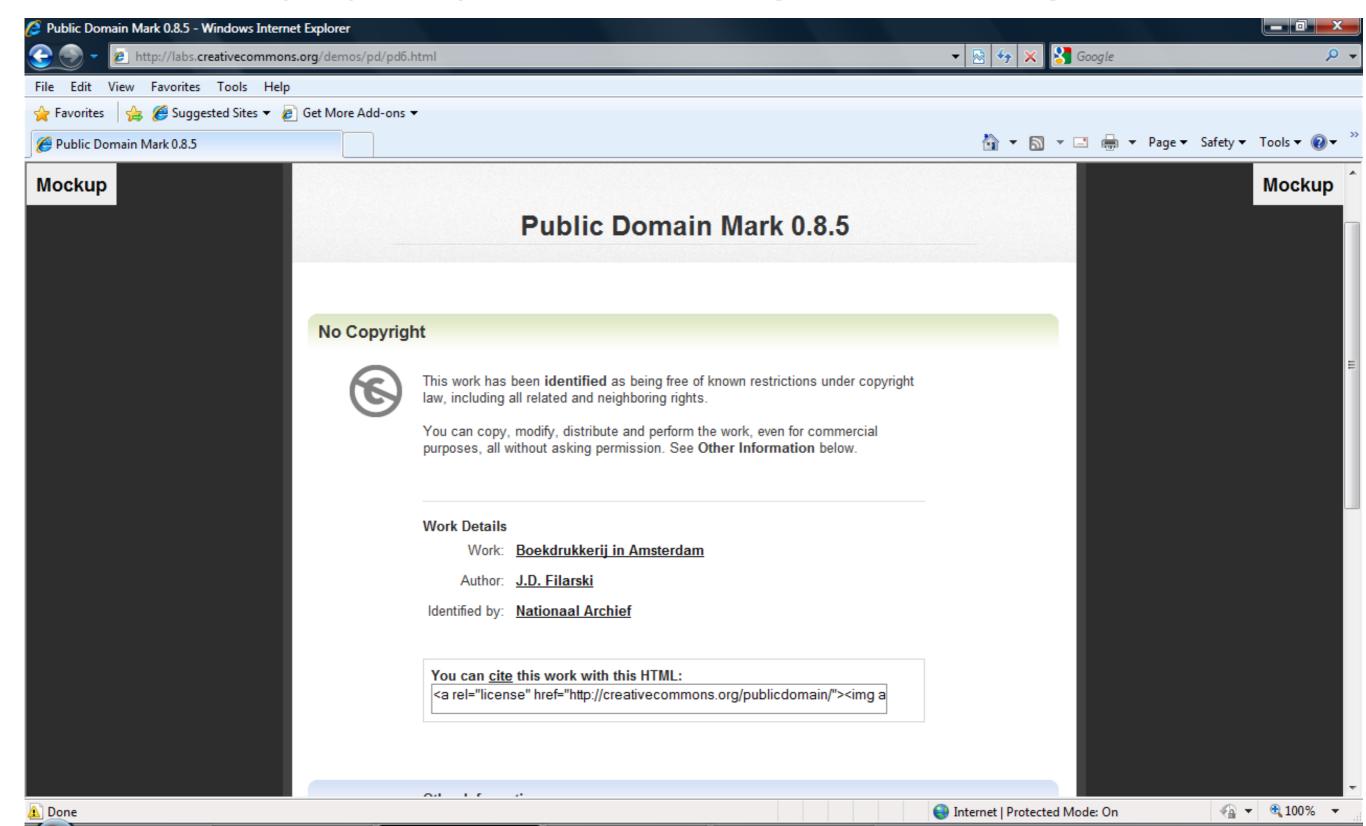


### Thank you





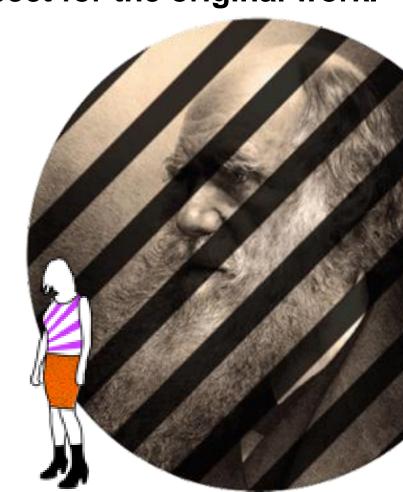
## Public Domain Mark





## EUROPEANA USAGE GUIDE for public domain works

- 1. Give credit where credit is due.
- 2. Protect the reputation of authors and providers. Show respect for the original work.
- 3. Be culturally aware.
- 4. Share knowledge.
- 5. Contribute discoveries back.
- 1. Support efforts to enrich the public domain.
- 2. Preserve public domain marks and notices



This usage guide is based on goodwill rather than a legal contract. Please respect it.

#### **Break down the walls**

